

2022 DEVELOPER FEE JUSTIFICATION STUDY PACIFIC GROVE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

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Executive Summary

This Developer Fee Justification Study demonstrates that the Pacific Grove Unified School District requires the full statutory impact fee to accommodate impacts from development activity.

Pacific Grove Unified School District has never collected Level 1 Developer Fees. The fee amounts approved at the February 23, 2022, State Allocation Board meeting are \$4.79 per square foot for residential construction and \$0.78* per square foot for commercial/industrial construction.

The following table shows the fee amounts:

Table 1

Pacific Grove Unified SD Developer Fee Collection Rates

	2022 Rates
Residential	\$4.79
Commercial/Ind.	\$0.78

*except for Rental Self Storage facilities in which a fee of \$0.04 per square foot is justified and Lodging in which a fee of \$0.77 per square foot is justified

The total projected number of housing units to be built over the next five years is 15. The average square feet per unit is 1,685. This Study demonstrates a need of \$5.19 per square foot for residential construction.



Background

Education Code Education Code Section 17620 allows school districts to assess fees on new residential and commercial construction within their respective boundaries. These fees can be collected without special city or county approval, to fund the construction of new school facilities necessitated by the impact of residential and commercial development activity. In addition, these fees can also be used to fund the reconstruction of school facilities to accommodate students generated from new development projects. Fees are collected immediately prior to the time of the issuance of a building permit by the city or the County.

The impact of new developments result in the need for either additional or modernization of school facilities to house the students generated. Because of the high cost associated with school facility projects and the District's limited budget, outside funding sources are required for school projects. State and local funding sources for the construction and/or reconstruction of school facilities are limited.

The authority sited in Education Code Section 17620 states in part "... the governing board of any school district is authorized to levy a fee, charge, dedication or other form of requirement against any development project for the construction or reconstruction of school facilities." The legislation originally established the maximum fee rates at \$1.50 per square foot for residential construction and \$0.25 per square foot for commercial/industrial construction. Government Code Section 65995 provides for an inflationary increase in the fees every two years based on the changes in the Class B construction index. As a result of these adjustments, the fees authorized by Education Code 17620 are currently **\$4.79** per square foot of residential construction and **\$0.78** per square foot of commercial or industrial construction.



Purpose and Intent

Prior to levying developer fees, a district must demonstrate and document that a reasonable relationship exists between the need for new or reconstructed school facilities and residential, commercial and industrial development. The justification for levying fees is required to address three basic links between the need for facilities and new development. These links or nexus are:

<u>Burden Nexus</u>: A district must identify the number of students anticipated to be generated by residential, commercial and industrial development. In addition, the district shall identify the school facility and cost impact of these students.

<u>Cost Nexus</u>: A district must demonstrate that the fees to be collected from residential, commercial and industrial development will not exceed the cost of providing school facilities for the students to be generated from the development.

<u>Benefit Nexus</u>: A district must show that the construction or reconstruction of school facilities to be funded by the collection of developer fees will benefit the students generated by residential, commercial and industrial development.

The purpose of this Study is to document if a reasonable relationship exists between residential, commercial and industrial development and the need for new and/or modernized facilities in the Pacific Grove Unified School District.

Following in this Study will be figures indicating the current enrollment and the projected development occurring within the attendance boundaries of the Pacific Grove Unified School District. The projected students will then be loaded into existing facilities to the extent of available space. Thereafter, the needed facilities will be determined and an estimated cost will be assigned. The cost of the facilities will then be compared to the area of residential, commercial and industrial development to determine the amount of developer fees justified.



Enrollment Projections

In 2022/2023 the District's total enrollment (CBEDS) was 1,772 students. The enrollment by grade level is shown here in Table 2.

Table 2

Pacific Grove Unified SD

CURRENT ENROLLMENT

Grade	2022/23
TK/K	128
1	130
2	119
3	138
4	139
5	141
6	150
TK-6 Total	945
7	140
8	130
7-8 Total	270
9	133
10	160
11	121
12	143
9-12 Total	557
TK-12 Total	1.772

This data will be the basis for the enrollment impacts which will be presented later after a review of the development projections and the student generation factors.



Student Generation Factor

In determining the impact of new development, the District is required to show how many students will be generated from the new developments. In order to ensure that new development is paying only for the impact of those students that are being generated by new homes and businesses, the student generation factor is applied to the number of new housing units to determine development-related impacts.

The student generation factor identifies the number of students per housing unit and provides a link between residential construction projects and projections of enrollment. The State-wide factor used by the Office of Public School Construction is 0.70 for grades TK-12. For the purposes of this Study we will use the local factors to determine the students generated from new housing developments. This was done by comparing the number of housing units in the school district to the number of students in the school district as of the 2020 Census. Table 3 shows the student generation factors for the various grade groupings.

Table 3

Pacific Grove Unified SD

STUDENT GENERATION FACTORS

<u>Grades</u>	Students per Household
TK-6	0.1215
7-8	0.0388
9-12	0.0742
Total	0.2345

When using the Census data to determine the average district student yield rate, it is not possible to determine which students were living in multi-family units versus single family units. Therefore, only the total average yield rate is shown. The overall student generation rate will be used to determine student yields from the projected developments.



New Residential Development Projections

After contacting the planning departments within the school district boundaries, it was determined that the residential construction rate over the next five years will average 3 units per year. Projecting the average rate forward, we would expect that 15 units of residential housing will be built within the District boundaries over the next five years.

To determine the impact of residential development, a student projection is done. Applying the student generation factor of 0.2345 to the projected 15 units of residential housing, we expect that 4 students will be generated from the new residential construction over the next five years. This includes 2 elementary school students, 1 middle school student, and 1 high school student.

The following table shows the projected impact of new development. The students generated by development will be utilized to determine the facility cost impacts to the school district.

Table 4

Pacific Grove Unified SD
5 YEAR DEVELOPMENT IMPACT ANALYSIS

	Current	Development	Total
<u>Grades</u>	<u>Enrollment</u>	<u>Projection</u>	<u>Enrollment</u>
TK to 6	945	2	947
7 to 8	270	1	271
9 to 12	557	1	558
Totals	1,772	4	1,776



Existing Facility Capacity

To determine the need for additional school facilities, the capacity of the existing facilities must be identified and compared to current and anticipated enrollments. The District's existing building capacity will be calculated using the State classroom loading standards shown in Table 6. The following types of "support-spaces" necessary for the conduct of the District's comprehensive educational program, are not included as "teaching stations," commonly known as "classrooms" to the public:

Table 5

List of Core and Support Facilities

Resource Specialist
Gymnasium
Lunch Room
P.E. Facilities

Because the District requires these types of support facilities as part of its existing facility and curriculum standards at its schools, new development's impact must not materially or adversely affect the continuance of these standards. Therefore, new development cannot require that the District house students in these integral support spaces.

Classroom Loading Standards

The following maximum classroom loading-factors are used to determine teaching-station "capacity," in accordance with the State legislation and the State School Building Program.

These capacity calculations are also used in preparing and filing the baseline school capacity statement with the Office of Public School Construction.

Table 6 State Classroom Loading Standards

TK/Kindergarten	25 Students/Classroom
1 st -3 rd Grades	25 Students/Classroom
4 th -6 th Grades	25 Students/Classroom
7 th -8 th Grades	27 Students/Classroom
9th-12th Grades	27 Students/Classroom



Existing Facility Capacity

The State determines the baseline capacity by either loading all permanent teaching stations plus a maximum number of portables equal to 25% of the number of permanent classrooms or by loading all permanent classrooms and only portables that are owned or have been leased for over 5 years. As allowed by law and required by the State, facility capacities are calculated by identifying the number of teaching stations at each campus. All qualified teaching stations were included in the calculation of the capacities at the time the initial inventory was calculated.

Table 7

Pacific Grove Unified SD

Summary of Existing Facility Capacity

School Facility	Permanent Classrooms	Portable <u>Classrooms</u>	Chargeable Portables	Total Chargeable <u>Classrooms</u>	State Loading <u>Factor</u>	State Funded <u>Projects</u>	Total State <u>Capacity</u>
Grades TK-6	64	15	15	79	25	0	1,975
Grades 7-8	24	4	4	28	27	0	756
Grades 9-12	35	2	2	37	27	0	999
Totals	123	21	21	144		0	3,730

This table shows a basic summary of the form and procedures used by OPSC (Office of Public School Construction) to determine the capacity of a school district. There are a total of 123 permanent classrooms in the District. In addition, there are 21 portable classrooms. OPSC regulations state that if the number of portables exceeds 25% of the permanent classrooms, then the maximum number of portables to be counted in the baseline capacity is 25%. Since the District has fewer portable classrooms than 25% of the permanent classrooms, all 21 portable classrooms are included in the baseline. This results in a total classroom count of 144 and is referred to as the chargeable classrooms. As Table 7 shows, the total State capacity of the District facilities is 3,730 students.

Unhoused Students by State Housing Standards

This next table compares the facility capacity with the space needed to determine if there is available space for new students from the projected developments. The space needed was determined by reviewing the historic enrollments over the past four years along with the projected enrollment in five years to determine the number of seats needed to house the students within the existing homes. The seats needed were determined individually for each



grade grouping. The projected enrollment in this analysis did not include the impact of any new housing units.

Table 8

Pacific Grove Unified SD

Summary of Available District Capacity

School Facility	State <u>Capacity</u>	Space <u>Needed</u>	Available <u>Capacity</u>
Grades TK-6	1,975	1,023	952
Grades 7-8	756	320	436
Grades 9-12	999	638	361
Totals	3,730	1,981	1,749

The District capacity of 3,730 is more than the space needed of 1,981, assuming the existing facilities remain in sufficient condition to maintain existing levels of service. The difference is 1,749 students.



Calculation of Development's Fiscal Impact on Schools

This section of the Study will demonstrate that a reasonable relationship exists between residential, commercial/industrial development and the need for school facilities in the Pacific Grove Unified School District. To the extent this relationship exists, the District is justified in levying developer fees as authorized by Education Code Section 17620.

Reconstruction/Modernization Costs

In addition to any new facilities needed, there is also a need to reconstruct or modernize existing facilities in order to maintain the existing levels of service as students from new development continue to arrive in the District's facilities. In order to generate capacity, it may also be necessary to reopen closed school facilities. Such reopening often requires reconstruction in order to provide the District's existing level of service. For purposes of this report, the analysis of modernization/reconstruction includes the possible reopening and refurbishing of closed or unused school facilities.

California has made a significant investment in school facilities through grants provided to help extend the useful life of public schools. The State's largest funding source for public school modernization projects, the School Facilities Program (SFP), requires a minimum local funding contribution of 40% of SFP-eligible costs. The State may provide up to 60% of the eligible costs at those times that State funding is available. However, SFP modernization grants frequently, if not usually, fall short of providing 60% of the actual costs for major modernizations. In the best cases, developer fees can help meet the District's required 40% local share. In many cases, developer fees may be necessary to supplement both the State's and the school district's contribution to a project.

Buildings generate eligibility for State reconstruction/modernization funding once they reach an age of 25 years old for permanent buildings and 20 years old for portables.

The usable life of school facilities is an important consideration in determining district facility needs into the future. The specific time when the projected residential developments will be built cannot be precisely predicted. Some new homes may be immediately occupied by families with school aged children, while others may be immediately occupied who will have school-aged children in five to ten years. As a result of these variables, for each new home, the District must be prepared to house the students residing there for an extended period of time. Students generated by the next five years of development will need to be



accommodated in District schools for a significant amount of time that could exceed twenty years. Thus, the District will need to ensure that it has facilities in place for future decades.

As evidenced by the State Building program's use of the criteria that buildings older than twenty-five years (and portables older than twenty years) are eligible for modernization funds, school buildings require reconstruction/modernization to remain in use for students beyond the initial twenty to twenty-five years of life of those buildings. To the extent that the District has buildings older than twenty to twenty-five years old, the point will be reached without reconstruction/modernization that those buildings will no longer be able to provide the existing level of service to students, and may, in some circumstances, need to be closed entirely for health and safety reasons. However, because of the new development, reconstruction/modernization must occur in order to have available school housing for the new students from development.

The following table shows the District's eligibility for modernization/reconstruction funding in the State Building Program.

Table 9

•	Elig	ible Moderı	nization (Grants	State	District	Project
<u>School</u>	<u>Elem</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>High</u>	Spec Ed	<u>Funding</u>	<u>Share</u>	<u>Total</u>
Forest Grove Elem	69	0	0	0	\$454,310	\$302,873	\$757,183
Robert Down Elem	491	0	0	0	\$2,904,776	\$1,936,517	\$4,841,293
Pacific Grove Middle	0	499	0	0	\$3,116,574	\$2,077,717	\$5,194,291
Pacific Grove High	0	0	50	0	\$452,375	\$301,583	\$753,958
TOTALS	560	499	50	0	\$6,928,035	\$4,618,690	\$11,546,725

Table 10

New Development Share of Modernization Costs

	Eligible Modernization		New Developm	nent
<u>Grade</u>	<u>Grants</u>	Students	\$/Student	<u>Amount</u>
TK-6	560	2	\$29,770	\$59,540
7-8	499	1	\$31,562	\$31,562
9-12	50	1	\$40,042	\$40,042
Totals	1,109	4		\$131,144

Includes students from new developments not housed in new facilities.

Amounts based on State OPSC allowances for new construction projects.



This data is used to show that there are significant needs within the school District to invest in its existing facilities. Without modernizing its schools, the District could be forced to begin closing some of its buildings and schools.

To accurately account for the amount of the modernization projects attributed to the impact of new developments, only the students from new developments that were not already housed in new facilities are included in the net needs for modernization projects. As can be seen in the charts, the net modernization needs due to new development impacts are much less than the total District modernization needs.

Impact of New Residential Development

This next table compares the development-related enrollment to the available district capacity for each grade level and then multiplies the unhoused students by the new school construction costs to determine the total school facility costs related to the impact of new residential housing developments.

The modernization needs are included for the students not housed in new facilities but who would be housed in existing facilities that are eligible for and need to be modernized to provide adequate housing and to maintain the existing level of service for the students generated by development.



Table 11

Pacific Grove Unified SD Summary of Residential Impact

School Facility	Development <u>Projection</u>	Available <u>Space</u>	Net <u>Unhoused</u>	Construction Cost Per Student	Total Facility <u>Costs</u>
Elementary	2	952	0	\$29,770	\$0
Middle	1	436	0	\$31,562	\$0
High & Cont.	1	361	0	\$40,042	\$0
Site Purchase:	0.0 acres				\$0
Site Developme	ent:				\$0
		New Constru	ıction needs dı	ue to development:	\$0
		Modernization	on needs due t	o development:	\$131,144
			TOTAL DEVI	ELOPMENT IMPACT:	\$131,144
			Average cos	st per student:	\$32,786
			Total Reside	ential Sq Ft:	25,275
			Residential	Fee Justified:	\$5.19

The total need for school facilities based solely on the impact of the 15 new housing units projected over the next five years totals \$131,144. To determine the impact per square foot of residential development, this amount is divided by the total square feet of the projected developments. As calculated from the historic Developer Fee Permits, the average size home built has averaged 1,685 square feet. The total area for 15 new homes would therefore be 25,275 square feet. The total residential fee needed to be able to collect \$131,144 would be \$5.19 per square foot.

Impact of Other Residential Development

In addition to new residential development projects that typically include new single family homes and new multi-family units, the District can also be impacted by additional types of new development projects. These include but are not limited to redevelopment projects,



additions to existing housing units, and replacement of existing housing units with new housing units.

These development projects are still residential projects and therefore it is reasonable to assume they would have the same monetary impacts per square foot as the new residential development projects. However, the net impact is reduced due to the fact that there was a previous residential building in its place. Therefore, the development impact fees should only be charged for other residential developments if the new building(s) exceed the square footage area of the previous building(s). If the new building is larger than the existing building, then it is reasonable to assume that additional students could be generated by the project. The project would only pay for the development impact fees for the net increase in assessable space generated by the development project. Education Code allows for an exemption from development impacts fees for any additions to existing residential structures that are 500 square feet or less.

Impact of Commercial/Industrial Development

There is a correlation between the growth of commercial/industrial firms/facilities within a community and the generation of school students within most business service areas. Fees for commercial/industrial can only be imposed if the residential fees will not fully mitigate the cost of providing school facilities to students from new development.

The approach utilized in this section is to apply statutory standards, U.S. Census employment statistics, and local statistics to determine the impact of future commercial/industrial development projects on the District. Many of the factors used in this analysis were taken from the U.S. Census, which remains the most complete and authoritative source of information on the community in addition to the "1990 SanDAG Traffic Generators Report".

Employees per Square Foot of Commercial Development

Results from a survey published by the San Diego Association of Governments "1990 San DAG Traffic Generators" are used to establish numbers of employees per square foot of building area to be anticipated in new commercial or industrial development projects. The average number of workers per 1,000 square feet of area ranges from 0.06 for Rental Self Storage to 4.79 for Standard Commercial Offices. The generation factors from that report are shown in the following table.



Table 12

Commercial/Industrial	Average Square Foot	Employees Per Average
Category	Per Employee	Square Foot
Banks	354	0.00283
Community Shopping Centers	652	0.00153
Neighborhood Shopping Centers	369	0.00271
Industrial Business Parks	284	0.00352
Industrial Parks	742	0.00135
Rental Self Storage	15541	0.0006
Scientific Research & Development	329	0.00304
Lodging	882	0.00113
Standard Commercial Office	209	0.00479
Large High Rise Commercial Office	232	0.00431
Corporate Offices	372	0.00269
Medical Offices	234	0.00427

Source: 1990 SanDAG Traffic Generators report

Students per Employee

The number of students per employee is determined by using the 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates for the District. There were 8,063 employees and 8,097 homes in the District. This represents a ratio of 0.9958 employees per home.

There were 1,899 school age children attending the District in 2020. This is a ratio of 0.2355 students per employee. This ratio, however, must be reduced by including only the percentage of employees that worked in their community of residence (41.4%), because only those employees living in the District will impact the District's school facilities with their children. The net ratio of students per employee in the District is 0.0975.

School Facilities Cost per Student

Facility costs for housing commercially generated students are the same as those used for residential construction. The cost factors used to assess the impact from commercial development projects are contained in Table 11.

Residential Offset

When additional employees are generated in the District as a result of new commercial/industrial development, fees will also be charged on the residential units necessary to provide housing for the employees living in the District. To prevent a commercial or industrial development from paying for the portion of the impact that will be covered by the residential fee, this amount has been calculated and deducted from each category. The residential offset



amount is calculated by multiplying the following factors together and dividing by 1,000 (to convert from cost per 1,000 square feet to cost per square foot).

- Employees per 1,000 square feet (varies from a low of 0.06 for rental self storage to a high of 4.79 for office building).
- Percentage of employees that worked in their community of residence (41.4 percent).
- Housing units per employee (1.0042). This was derived from the 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates data for the District, which indicates there were 8,063 employees, and the 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates data for the District, which indicates there were 8,097 housing units.
- Percentage of employees that will occupy new housing units (75 percent).
- Average square feet per dwelling unit (1,685).
- Residential fee charged by the District (\$4.79 per square foot).
- Average cost per student was determined in Table 11.

The following table shows the calculation of the school facility costs generated by a square foot of new commercial/industrial development for each category of development.

Table 13

Pacific Grove Unified SD

Summary of Commercial and Industrial Uses

	Employees	Students	Students	Average	Cost	Residential	Net Cost
_	per 1,000	per	per	Cost per	per	offset per	per
<u>Type</u>	<u>Sq. Ft.</u>	<u>Employee</u>	<u>1,000 Sq. Ft.</u>	<u>Student</u>	<u>Sq. Ft.</u>	<u>Sq. Ft.</u>	<u>Sq. Ft.</u>
					_		
Banks	2.83	0.0975	0.276	\$32,786	\$9.05	\$7.12	\$1.93
Community Shopping Centers	1.53	0.0975	0.149	\$32,786	\$4.89	\$3.85	\$1.04
Neighborhood Shopping Centers	2.71	0.0975	0.264	\$32,786	\$8.66	\$6.82	\$1.84
Industrial Business Parks	3.52	0.0975	0.343	\$32,786	\$11.25	\$8.86	\$2.39
Industrial Parks	1.35	0.0975	0.132	\$32,786	\$4.32	\$3.40	\$0.92
Rental Self Storage	0.06	0.0975	0.006	\$32,786	\$0.19	\$0.15	\$0.04
Scientific Research & Development	3.04	0.0975	0.296	\$32,786	\$9.72	\$7.65	\$2.07
Lodging	1.13	0.0975	0.110	\$32,786	\$3.61	\$2.84	\$0.77
Standard Commercial Office	4.79	0.0975	0.467	\$32,786	\$15.31	\$12.05	\$3.26
Large High Rise Commercial Office	4.31	0.0975	0.420	\$32,786	\$13.78	\$10.85	\$2.93
Corporate Offices	2.69	0.0975	0.262	\$32,786	\$8.60	\$6.77	\$1.83
Medical Offices	4.27	0.0975	0.416	\$32,786	\$13.65	\$10.75	\$2.90

^{*}Based on 1990 SanDAG Traffic Generator Report



Net Cost per Square Foot

Since the State Maximum Fee is now \$0.78 for commercial/industrial construction, the District is justified in collecting the maximum fee for all categories with the exception of Rental Self Storage. The District can only justify collection of \$0.04 per square foot of Rental Self Storage construction and \$0.77 per square foot of Lodging.

Verifying the Sufficiency of the Development Impact

Education Code Section 17620 requires districts to find that fee revenues will not exceed the cost of providing school facilities to the students generated by the development paying the fees. This section shows that the fee revenues do not exceed the impact of the new development.

The total need for school facilities resulting from new development totals \$131,144. The amount the District would collect over the five year period at the maximum rate of \$4.79 for residential and \$0.78 for commercial/industrial development would be as follows:

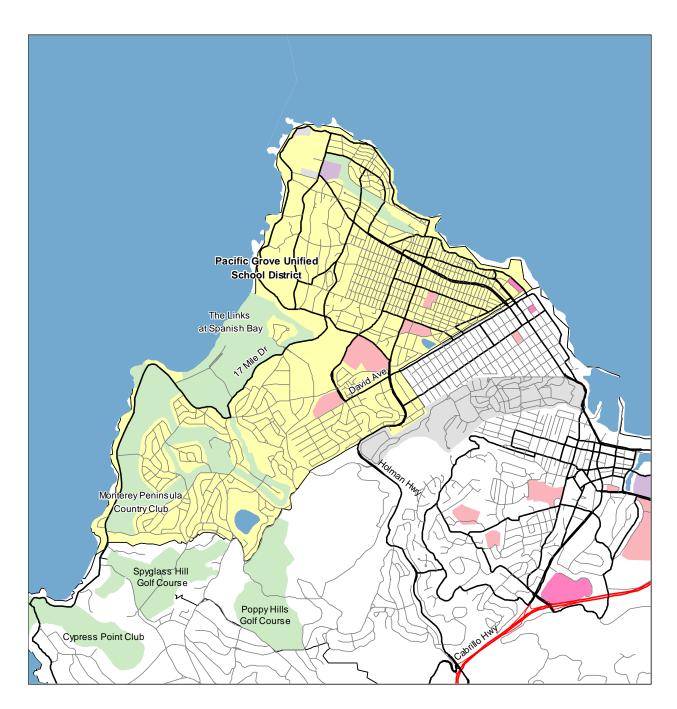
\$4.79 x 15 homes x 1,685 sq ft per home = \$121,067for Residential \$0.78 x 2,500 sq ft per year x 5 years = \$9,750 for Commercial/Industrial Total projected 5 year income: \$130,817

The estimated income is less than the projected facility needs due to the impact of new development projects.



District Map

The following map shows the extent of the areas for which development fees are applicable to the Pacific Grove Unified School District.





Conclusion

Based on the data contained in this Study, it is found that a reasonable relationship exists between residential, commercial/industrial development and the need for school facilities in the Pacific Grove Unified School District. The following three nexus tests required to show justification for levying fees have been met:

<u>Burden Nexus:</u> New residential development will generate an average of 0.2345 TK-12 grade students per unit. Because the District does not have adequate facilities for all the students generated by new developments, the District will need to build additional facilities and/or modernize/reconstruct the existing facilities in order to maintain existing level of services in which the new students will be housed.

<u>Cost Nexus:</u> The cost to provide new and reconstructed facilities is an average of \$5.19 per square foot of residential development. Each square foot of residential development will generate \$4.79 in developer fees resulting in a shortfall of \$0.40 per square foot.

<u>Benefit Nexus:</u> The developer fees to be collected by the Pacific Grove Unified School District will be used for the provision of additional and reconstructed or modernized school facilities. This will benefit the students to be generated by new development by providing them with adequate educational school facilities.

The District's planned use of the fees received from development impacts will include the following types of projects, each of which will benefit students from new developments.

- New Schools: When there is enough development activity occurring in a single area, the District will build a new school to house the students from new developments.
- 2) Additions to Existing Schools: When infill development occurs, the District will accommodate students at existing schools by building needed classrooms and/or support facilities such as cafeterias, restrooms, gyms and libraries as needed to increase the school capacity. Schools may also need upgrades of the technology and tele-communication systems to be able to increase their capacity.



- 3) Portable Replacement Projects: Some of the District's capacity is in temporary portables and therefore may not be included in the State's capacity calculations. These portables can be replaced with new permanent or modular classrooms to provide adequate space for students from new developments. These projects result in an increase to the facility capacity according to State standards. In addition, old portables that have reached the end of their life expectancy will need to be replaced to maintain the existing level of service. These types of projects are considered modernization projects in the State Building Program. If development impacts did not exist, the old portables could be removed.
- 4) Modernization/Upgrade Projects: In many cases, students from new developments are not located in areas where new schools are planned to be built. The District plans to modernize or upgrade older schools to be equivalent to new schools so students will be housed in equitable facilities to those students housed in new schools. These projects may include updates to the building structures to meet current building standards, along with upgrades to the current fire and safety standards and any access compliance standards.

The District plans to use the developer fees on modernization projects.

The reasonable relationship identified by these findings provides the required justification for the Pacific Grove Unified School District to levy the maximum fees of \$4.79 per square foot for residential construction and \$0.78 per square foot for commercial/industrial construction, except for Rental Self Storage facilities in which a fee of \$0.04 per square foot is justified and Lodging in which a fee of \$0.77 per square foot is justified as authorized by Education Code Section 17620.



ENROLLMENT CERTIFICATION/PROJECTION

SAB 50-0	1 (REV 05/	09)											Page 6 of 6
SCHOOL DIST		ified						FIVE DIGIT DIS	TRICT CODE NUM	BER (see Califo	rnia Public Scho	ool Directory)	
Pacific Grove Unified COUNTY						ATTENDANCE ARI	EA (HSAA) OR	SUPER HSAA (if applicable)				
Montere													
	one: 🗹 F		nrollment			h-Year Enr		rojection	Part G.		of New Dwo r Projection	elling Units	45
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Grade	/	/	/	1	2019/2020		2021 / 2022		K-6	7-8	9-12	TOTAL	
K					159	135	161	128	579	254	499	1332	
2					148	136	121	130	Cnasi	al Day Cla	ر السيم م	anly Envallment/D) a a i da may
3					134 176	148 134	133 140	119 138	Specia		entary	only - Enrollment/R Secondary	TOTAL
4					128	154	140	139	Non-Severe)	0	0
5					147	126	144	141	Severe))	0	0
6					131	151	125	150	TOTAL		0	0	
7					180	133	139	140				-	
8					140	181	126	130	2. Ter	nth-Year P	rojection		
9					169	136	162	133	Enroll	ment/Resi	dency - (e	xcept Special Day C	Class pupils)
10					173	159	124	160	K-6	7-8	9-12	TOTAL	
11					150	160	143	121					
12					146	146	154	143					
TOTAL					1981	1899	1812	1772	Specia	al Day Cla	ss pupils (only - Enrollment/R	Residency
,		!	L			1000			•	E1		1	
Dort D	Dunilo Att	anding So	haala Cha	rtorod Dv		1000		<u> </u>		Elem	entary	Secondary	TOTAL
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SELECTED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

∨ BEDROOMS



Note: This is a modified view of the original table produced by the U.S. Census Bureau. This download or printed version may have missing information from the original table.									
	Pacific Grove Unified School District, California								
Label	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error					
▼ HOUSING OCCUPANCY									
➤ Total housing units	10,210	±309	10,210	(X)					
Occupied housing units	8,097	±279	79.3%	±2.0					
Vacant housing units	2,113	±229	20.7%	±2.0					
Homeowner vacancy rate	2.1	±1.3	(X)	(X)					
Rental vacancy rate	9.5	±2.8	(X)	(X)					
✓ UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
➤ Total housing units	10,210	±309	10,210	(X)					
1-unit, detached	6,839	±417	67.0%	±2.9					
1-unit, attached	551	±144	5.4%	±1.4					
2 units	466	±121	4.6%	±1.2					
3 or 4 units	515	±163	5.0%	±1.6					
5 to 9 units	610	±154	6.0%	±1.5					
10 to 19 units	282	±76	2.8%	±0.8					
20 or more units	772	±147	7.6%	±1.4					
Mobile home	175	±74	1.7%	±0.7					
Boat, RV, van, etc.	0	±21	0.0%	±0.4					
▼ YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
Total housing units	10,210	±309	10,210	(X)					
Built 2014 or later	100	±78	1.0%	±0.8					
Built 2010 to 2013	71	±54	0.7%	±0.5					
Built 2000 to 2009	306	±103	3.0%	±1.0					
Built 1990 to 1999	542	±138	5.3%	±1.3					
Built 1980 to 1989	902	±191	8.8%	±1.9					
Built 1970 to 1979	1,285	±187	12.6%	±1.9					
Built 1960 to 1969	1,907	±267	18.7%	±2.6					
Built 1950 to 1959	2,285	±301	22.4%	±2.7					
Built 1940 to 1949	635	±148	6.2%	±1.4					
Built 1939 or earlier	2,177	±237	21.3%	±2.1					
∨ ROOMS									
➤ Total housing units	10,210	±309	10,210	(X)					
1 room	608	±183	6.0%	±1.8					
2 rooms	330	±97	3.2%	±1.0					
3 rooms	1,168	±211	11.4%	±2.1					
4 rooms	1,969	±261	19.3%	±2.5					
5 rooms	2,086	±282	20.4%	±2.6					
6 rooms	1,663	±245	16.3%	±2.3					
7 rooms	1,064	±182	10.4%	±1.8					
8 rooms	667	±143	6.5%	±1.4					
9 rooms or more	655	±143	6.4%	±1.4					
Median rooms	5.0	±0.2	(X)	(X)					

SELECTED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Survey/Program: American Community Survey

Year: 2020 Estimates: 5-Year Table ID: DP04

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Households not paying cash rent are excluded from the calculation of median gross rent.

Telephone service data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with data collection of this question that occurred in 2016 and 2019. Both ACS 1-year and ACS 5-year files were affected. It may take several years in the ACS 5-year files until the estimates are available for the geographic areas affected.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area

The estimate or margin of error is not applicable or not available.

median-

The median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "2,500-")

median+

The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250.000+").

The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS



Note: This is a modified view of the original table produced by the U.S. Census Bureau. This download or printed version may have missing information from the original table.

	Pacific Grove Unified School District, California				
I	Total		Car, truck, or van drove alone		Car, truck, or
Label	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	
✓ Workers 16 years and over	8,063	±463	5,914	±450	
> AGE					
> SEX					
> RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN					
> NATIVITY AND CITIZENSHIP STATUS					
> LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH					
> EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2020 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLL					
> POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS					
> Workers 16 years and over	8,063	±463	5,914	±450	
➤ Workers 16 years and over who did not work from home	7,157	±444	5,914	±450	
> TIME OF DEPARTURE TO GO TO WORK					
▼ TRAVEL TIME TO WORK					
Less than 10 minutes	21.3%	±3.2	20.9%	±3.7	
10 to 14 minutes	20.1%	±3.6	21.0%	±3.8	
15 to 19 minutes	21.1%	±2.9	21.4%	±2.9	
20 to 24 minutes	14.2%	±2.6	15.3%	±3.0	
25 to 29 minutes	2.1%	±0.9	2.5%	±1.1	
30 to 34 minutes	7.3%	±2.4	5.7%	±1.8	
35 to 44 minutes	5.2%	±1.5	4.4%	±1.8	
45 to 59 minutes	2.9%	±0.9	3.1%	±1.1	
60 or more minutes	5.8%	±1.8	5.7%	±1.9	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	N	N	N	N	
> Workers 16 years and over in households	8,025	±455	5,905	±452	
➤ PERCENT ALLOCATED					
Means of transportation to work	9.2%	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Time of departure to go to work	19.8%	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Travel time to work	13.0%	(X)	(X)	(X)	
Vehicles available	0.5%	(X)	(X)	(X)	

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS

Survey/Program: American Community Survey

Year: 2020

Estimates: 5-Year Table ID: S0802

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2020, the 2020 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns. For 2016 to 2019, the Population Estimates Program provides estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and intercensal housing unit estimates for the nation, states, and counties

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016-2020 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Foreign born excludes people born outside the United States to a parent who is a U.S. citizen.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week

Industry titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). The Census industry codes for 2018 and later years are based on the 2017 revision of the NAICS. To allow for the creation of multiyear tables, industry data in the multiyear files (prior to data year 2018) were recoded to the 2017 Census industry codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2017 Census industry codes with data coded using Census industry codes prior to data year 2018. For more information on the Census industry code changes, please visit our website at https://www.census.gov/topics/employment/industry-occupation/quidance/code-lists.html.

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

2019 ACS data products include updates to several categories of the existing means of transportation question. For more information, see: Change to Means of Transportation.

Occupation titles and their 4-digit codes are based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). The Census occupation codes for 2018 and later years are based on the 2018 revision of the SOC. To allow for the creation of the multiyear tables, occupation data in the multivear files (prior to data year 2018) were recoded to the 2018 Census occupation codes. We recommend using caution when comparing data coded using 2018 Census occupation codes with data coded using Census occupation codes prior to data year 2018. For more information on the Census occupation code changes, please visit our website at https://www.census.gov/topics/employment/industry-occupation/guidance/code-lists.html.

In 2019, methodological changes were made to the class of worker question. These changes involved modifications to the question wording, the category wording, and the visual format of the categories on the questionnaire. The format for the class of worker categories are now listed under the headings "Private Sector Employee," "Government Employee," and "Self-Employed or Other." Additionally, the category of Active Duty was added as one of the response categories under the "Government Employee" section for the mail questionnaire. For more detailed information about the 2019 changes, see the 2016 American Community Survey Content Test Report for Class of Worker located at http://www.census.gov/library/workingpapers/2017/acs/2017_Martinez 01.html.

The 2016-2020 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing

Explanation of Symbols:

Ν

The estimate could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations. For a ratio of medians estimate, one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

The estimate or margin of error cannot be displayed because there were an insufficient number of sample cases in the selected geographic area

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median+

The median falls in the highest interval of an open-ended distribution (for example "250,000+").

The margin of error could not be computed because there were an insufficient number of sample observations.

The margin of error could not be computed because the median falls in the lowest interval or highest interval of an open-ended distribution.

A margin of error is not appropriate because the corresponding estimate is controlled to an independent population or housing estimate. Effectively, the corresponding estimate has no sampling error and the margin of error may be treated as zero.

SchoolWorks, Inc.

8700 Auburn Folsom Road, #200 Granite Bay, CA 95746 916.733.0402



Use of Developer Fees:

A School District can use the revenue collected on residential and commercial/industrial construction for the purposes listed below:

- Purchase or lease of interim school facilities to house students generated by new development pending the construction of permanent facilities.
- Purchase or lease of land for school facilities for such students.
- Acquisition of school facilities for such students, including:
 - o Construction
 - o Modernization/reconstruction
 - o Architectural and engineering costs
 - o Permits and plan checking
 - o Testing and inspection
 - o Furniture, Equipment and Technology for use in school facilities
- Legal and other administrative costs related to the provision of such new facilities
- Administration of the collection of, and justification for, such fees, and
- Any other purpose arising from the process of providing facilities for students generated by new development.

Following is an excerpt from the Education Code that states the valid uses of the Level 1 developer fees. It refers to construction and reconstruction. The term reconstruction was originally used in the Leroy Greene program. The term modernization is currently used in the 1998 State Building Program and represents the same scope of work used in the original reconstruction projects.

Ed Code Section 17620. (a) (1) The governing board of any school district is authorized to levy a fee, charge, dedication, or other requirement against any construction within the boundaries of the district, for the purpose of funding the construction or reconstruction of school facilities, subject to any limitations set forth in Chapter 4.9 (commencing with Section 65995) of Division 1 of Title 7 of the Government Code. This fee, charge, dedication, or other requirement may be applied to construction only as follows: ...

The limitations referred to in this text describe the maximum amounts that can be charged for residential and commercial/industrial projects and any projects that qualify for exemptions. They do not limit the use of the funds received.

SchoolWorks, Inc. 8700 Auburn Folsom Road, Suite 200 Granite Bay, CA 95746 916.733.0402



Determination of Average State allowed amounts for Site Development Costs

District	Elementary Schools			Original		2009 Adjusted			
Davis Numbried 3 9.05 \$532,282 38.4% \$1,473,469 2004 \$162,814 Very Creek Jt. Elem 5 11.06 \$983,888 20.1% \$2,387,588 2006 \$216,874 Very Creek Jt. Elem 5 12.17 \$565,011 48.2% \$1,481,483 2001 \$185,990 \$155,641 Very Creek Jt. Elem 5 12.17 \$565,011 48.2% \$1,481,483 2001 \$155,990 \$155,990 Very Creek Jt. Elem 10 \$770,127 48.2% \$2,142,139 2002 \$214,214 Very Creek Jt. Elek Growe Unified 14 10 \$732,837 48.2% \$2,142,139 2002 \$214,214 Very Creek Growe Unified 17 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,586,433 2002 \$158,624 Very Creek Growe Unified 17 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,586,243 2002 \$158,624 Very Creek Growe Unified 25 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,586,243 2002 \$158,624 Very Creek Growe Unified 25 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,786,082 2004 \$178,805 Very Creek Growe Unified 39 991 \$1,007,695 20.1% \$2,420,785 2006 \$221,440 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 2006 \$202,241 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 2006 \$202,241 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 2006 \$202,241 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 20.00 \$177,887 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,077 20.00 \$138,847 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,775 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,077 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,077 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,077 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 10 1.42 \$1,142,44 \$1,142 \$1,144,44 \$1,14	•			_	Inflation	Site	Project	2009	
Davis Numbried 3 9.05 \$532,282 38.4% \$1,473,469 2004 \$162,814 Very Creek Jt. Elem 5 11.06 \$983,888 20.1% \$2,387,588 2006 \$216,874 Very Creek Jt. Elem 5 12.17 \$565,011 48.2% \$1,481,483 2001 \$185,990 \$155,641 Very Creek Jt. Elem 5 12.17 \$565,011 48.2% \$1,481,483 2001 \$155,990 \$155,990 Very Creek Jt. Elem 10 \$770,127 48.2% \$2,142,139 2002 \$214,214 Very Creek Jt. Elek Growe Unified 14 10 \$732,837 48.2% \$2,142,139 2002 \$214,214 Very Creek Growe Unified 17 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,586,433 2002 \$158,624 Very Creek Growe Unified 17 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,586,243 2002 \$158,624 Very Creek Growe Unified 25 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,586,243 2002 \$158,624 Very Creek Growe Unified 25 10 \$542,682 48.2% \$1,786,082 2004 \$178,805 Very Creek Growe Unified 39 991 \$1,007,695 20.1% \$2,420,785 2006 \$221,440 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 2006 \$202,241 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 2006 \$202,241 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 2006 \$202,241 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,074 20.00 \$177,887 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,360,077 20.00 \$138,847 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,775 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,077 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,077 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 19 9.79 \$1,030,044 30.4% \$2,260,077 20.00 \$138,347 Very Creek Growe Unified 10 1.42 \$1,142,44 \$1,142 \$1,144,44 \$1,14	<u>District</u>	Project #	<u>Acres</u>	Development	Factor	Development	<u>Year</u>	Cost/Acre	
Dry Creek J. Elem 5	Davis Jt Unified	3	9.05		38.4%		2004	\$162,814	
Elk Growe Unified	Dry Creek Jt Elem	2	8.5	\$516,347	46.2%	\$1,509,322	2002	\$177,567	
Elk Growe Unified	Dry Creek Jt Elem	5	11.06	\$993,868	20.1%	\$2,387,568	2006	\$215,874	
EIR Growe Unified	Elk Grove Unified	5	12.17	\$556,011	48.2%	\$1,648,316	2001	\$135,441	
Elk Growe Unifiled	Elk Grove Unified	10	11	\$690,120	48.2%	\$2,045,888	2001	\$185,990	
Elk Growe Unified	Elk Grove Unified	11	10	\$702,127	48.2%	\$2,081,483	2001	\$208,148	
Elk Growe Unified	Elk Grove Unified	14	10	\$732,837	46.2%	\$2,142,139	2002	\$214,214	
Eik Growe Unified 20 10 \$710,730 43,2% \$2,034,830 2003 \$203,835 Eik Growe Unified 28 10,03 \$886,468 24,4% \$2,130,974 2005 \$212,460 Eik Growe Unified 39 9,91 \$1,007,695 20,1% \$2,130,974 2006 \$244,277 Formor-Cordova Unified 1 9,79 \$816,196 20,1% \$1,960,747 2006 \$200,281 Formor-Cordova Unified 7 \$455,008 46,2% \$1,300,747 2002 \$177,687 Formor-Cordova Unified 8 \$544,213 8 46,2% \$1,590,774 2002 \$177,687 Formor-Cordova Unified 8 8,97 \$928,197 11,2% \$2,063,757 2007 \$230,073 Gall Julinoin Unified 1 9,39 \$433,448 46,2% \$1,267,148 2002 \$134,947 Locid Unified 1 9,39 \$433,448 46,2% \$1,267,148 2002 \$134,947 Locid Unified 1 9,93 \$433,448 46,2% \$1,267,148 2002 \$134,947 Locid Unified	Elk Grove Unified	16	9.86	\$570,198	46.2%	\$1,666,733	2002	\$169,040	
Elk Growe Unified 25 10 Seh5,823 38,4% \$1,788,052 2004 \$178,805 Elk Growe Unified 39 9,91 \$1,007,695 20,1% \$2,420,785 2006 \$244,277 Folsom-Cordova Unified 4 7.5 \$455,908 46,2% \$1,332,654 2002 \$177,687 Folsom-Cordova Unified 4 7.5 \$455,908 46,2% \$1,590,776 2002 \$177,687 Folsom-Cordova Unified 8 8,97 \$928,197 11.2% \$2,093,767 2002 \$198,847 Folsom-Cordova Unified 8 8,97 \$928,197 11.2% \$2,093,767 2002 \$198,847 Folsom-Cordova Unified 1 9,33 \$93,434 48.2% \$1,567,148 2002 \$314,947 Folsom-Cordova Unified 1 9,33 \$999,164 11.2% \$2,285,968 2002 \$314,947 Folsom-Cordova Unified 1 1,434,947 Folsom-Cordova Unified 1 1,434,947 Folsom-Cordova Unified 1 1,434,947 Folsom-Cordova Unified 2002 \$154,942 2002 <td< td=""><td>Elk Grove Unified</td><td>17</td><td>10</td><td>\$542,662</td><td>46.2%</td><td>\$1,586,243</td><td>2002</td><td>\$158,624</td><td></td></td<>	Elk Grove Unified	17	10	\$542,662	46.2%	\$1,586,243	2002	\$158,624	
Elk Growe Unified 28 10.03 \$856,48B 24.4% \$2,130,797 2006 \$21,2460 Elk Growe Unified 1 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,990,747 2006 \$200,281 Folsom-Cordova Unified 6 7.5 \$455,908 46.2% \$1,332,654 2002 \$177,687 Folsom-Cordova Unified 8 8.97 \$928,197 11.2% \$2,083,757 2007 \$230,073 Gall JI Union Elem 1 9.39 \$433,498 46.2% \$1,267,148 2002 \$134,947 Lincoll Unified 10 11.42 \$555,999 46.2% \$1,267,148 2002 \$146,110 Lodi Unified 19 9.93 \$99,914 11.2% \$2,221,245 2007 \$223,721 Lodi Unified 19 9.93 \$899,164 11.2% \$2,221,465 2007 \$234,834 Lodi Unified 19 9.83 \$61,267,492 46.2% \$2,003,138 2002 \$234,834 Lodi Unified 6	Elk Grove Unified	20	10	\$710,730	43.2%	\$2,034,830	2003	\$203,483	
EIK Growe Unifiled 28 10.03 \$856.48B 24.4% \$2,130.974 2006 \$21,2460 EIK Growe Unified 1 9.79 \$816,196 20.1% \$1,960,747 2006 \$200,281 Folsom-Cordova Unified 5 \$465,500B 46.2% \$1,352,664 2002 \$177,687 Folsom-Cordova Unified 8 8,897 \$928,197 11.2% \$2,083,767 2007 \$230,073 Galf Ju Union Elem 1 9.39 \$433,498 46.2% \$1,625,248 2002 \$134,947 Lincoln Unified 1 9.39 \$433,498 46.2% \$1,625,228 2002 \$145,110 Lodi Unified 19 9.93 \$99,91 41.12% \$2,221,645 2007 \$223,721 Lodi Unified 19 9.93 \$99,91 41.21% \$1,267,148 2002 \$318,798 Lodi Unified 19 9.83 \$899,916 11.2% \$2,221,465 2007 \$223,721 Lodi Unified 19 9.61	Elk Grove Unified	25	10	\$645,923	38.4%		2004	\$178,805	
Elk Grow Unified	Elk Grove Unified	28	10.03				2005		
Folsom-Cordova Unified	Elk Grove Unified	39	9.91	\$1,007,695	20.1%		2006		
Folsom-Cordova Unified	Folsom-Cordova Unified		9.79		20.1%		2006		
Folsom-Cordova Unified 5	Folsom-Cordova Unified								
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Tracy Jt Unified 4 10 \$618,254 46.2% \$1,807,204 2002 \$180,720 Tracy Jt Unified 10 10 \$573,006 38.4% \$1,586,202 2004 \$158,620 Washington Unified 4 10.76 \$979,085 7.7% \$2,109,575 2002 \$136,020 Adjusted Yalue Totals 341.16 Criginal OPSC Site Inflation S68,791,833 Average \$201,641 \$314,657 Middle and High Schoots Verificate Project # Acres OPSC Site Inflation Site Project 2009 Western Placer Unified 4 19.3 \$5,973,312 24.4% \$7,431,085 2005 \$385,030 Roseville City Elem 2 21.6 \$1,780,588 48.2% \$12,835,704 2000 \$193,893 Elk Grove Unified 13 76.4 \$9,791,732 48.2% \$12,835,704 2000 \$134,877									
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District Project # Acres Western Placer Unified A 19.3 Acres Placer Unified A 19.3 Project Placer A 19.3	Totals		341.16			\$68,791,833	Average	\$201,641	
District Project # Acres Development Factor Development Year Cost/Acre Western Placer Unified 4 19.3 \$5,973,312 24.4% \$7,431,085 2005 \$385,030 Roseville City Elem 2 21.6 \$1,780,588 48.2% \$2,639,311 2000 \$122,190 Elk Grove Unified 4 66.2 \$8,659,494 48.2% \$12,835,704 2000 \$193,893 Elk Grove Unified 13 76.4 \$9,791,732 48.2% \$14,513,986 2001 \$189,974 Elk Grove Unified 18 84.3 \$13,274,562 43.2% \$19,002,626 2003 \$225,417 Grant Jt Union High 2 24 \$2,183,840 48.2% \$3,237,039 2000 \$134,877 Center Unified 1 21.2 \$1,944,310 46.2% \$2,841,684 2002 \$117,451 Lodi Unified 6 13.4 \$1,076,844 46.2% \$2,926,240 2002 \$218,376 Galt Jt Union El	Middle and High Scho	ols		_		-			
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Totals 679.3 \$142,058,711 Average \$209,125 Value Middle Schools: 260.7 \$49,447,897 Middle \$189,704 \$296,030	Natomas Unified	11	38.7	\$3,017,002	38.4%	\$4,175,850	2004	\$107,903	2022
Middle Schools: 260.7 \$49,447,897 Middle \$189,704 \$296,030	Rocklin Unified	11	47.1	\$11,101,088	24.4%	\$13,810,282	2005	\$293,212	Adjusted
	Totals		679.3			\$142,058,711	Average	\$209,125	<u>Value</u>
High Schools: 418.6 \$92,610,814 High \$221,217 \$345,206	Middle Schools:								

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER State Allocation Board Meeting, February 23, 2022

INDEX ADJUSTMENT ON THE ASSESSMENT FOR DEVELOPMENT

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To report the index adjustment on the assessment for development, which may be levied pursuant to Education Code Section 17620.

DESCRIPTION

The law requires the maximum assessment for development be adjusted every two years by the change in the Class B construction cost index, as determined by the State Allocation Board (Board) in each calendar year. This item requests that the Board make the adjustment based on the change reflected using the RS Means index.

AUTHORITY

Education Code Section 17620(a)(1) states the following: "The governing board of any school district is authorized to levy a fee, charge, dedication, or other requirement against any construction within the boundaries of the district, for the purpose of funding the construction or reconstruction of school facilities, subject to any limitations set forth in Chapter 4.9 (commencing with Section 65995) of Division 1 of Title 7 of the Government Code."

Government Code Section 65995(b)(3) states the following: "The amount of the limits set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be increased in 2000, and every two years thereafter, according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the State Allocation Board at its January meeting, which increase shall be effective as of the date of that meeting."

BACKGROUND

There are three levels that may be levied for developer's fees. The fees are levied on a per-square foot basis. The lowest fee, Level I, is assessed if the district conducts a Justification Study that establishes the connection between the development coming into the district and the assessment of fees to pay for the cost of the facilities needed to house future students. The Level II fee is assessed if a district makes a timely application to the Board for new construction funding, conducts a School Facility Needs Analysis pursuant to Government Code Section 65995.6, and satisfies at least two of the requirements listed in Government Code Section 65995.5(b)(3). The Level III fee is assessed when State bond funds are exhausted; the district may impose a developer's fee up to 100 percent of the School Facility Program new construction project cost.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS

A historical comparison of the assessment rates for development fees for 2018 and 2020 are shown below for information. According to the RS Means, the cost index for Class B construction increased by 17.45% percent, during the two-year period from January 2020 to January 2022, requiring the assessment for development fees to be adjusted as follows beginning January 2022:

RS Means Index Maximum Level I Assessment Per Square Foot

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2022</u>
Residential	\$3.79	\$4.08	\$4.79
Commercial/Industrial	\$0.61	\$0.66	\$0.78

RECOMMENDATION

Increase the 2022 maximum Level I assessment for development in the amount of 17.45 percent using the RS Means Index to be effective immediately.

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE OFFICER State Allocation Board Meeting, February 23, 2022

ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT TO SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM GRANTS

PURPOSE OF REPORT

To adopt the annual adjustment in the School Facility Program (SFP) grants based on the change in construction costs pursuant to the Education Code (EC) and SFP Regulations.

DESCRIPTION

This item presents the State Allocation Board (Board) with the annual adjustment to the SFP grants based on the statewide cost index for Class B construction. Each year the Board adjusts the SFP grants to reflect construction cost changes. In January 2016, the Board adopted the RS Means index for 2016 and future years. This item presents the 2022 annual adjustment to SFP grants based on the RS Means index.

AUTHORITY

See Attachment A.

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS

At the January 2016 meeting, the Board adopted an increase to the SFP grants using the RS Means Construction Cost Index (CCI) as the statewide cost index for Class B construction.

The current rate of change between 2021 and 2022 for the RS Means Class B CCI is 15.80 percent. The chart below reflects the amounts previously adopted for 2021 compared to the potential amount for the new construction base grants.

RS Means 15.80%

Grade Level	Regulation Section	Current Adjusted Grant Per Pupil Effective 1-1-21	Potential Grant Per Pupil Effective 1-1-22
Elementary	1859.71	\$12,628	\$14,623
Middle	1859.71	\$13,356	\$15,466
High	1859.71	\$16,994	\$19,679
Special Day Class – Severe	1859.71.1	\$35,484	\$41,090
Special Day Class – Non-Severe	1859.71.1	\$23,731	\$27,480

STAFF ANALYSIS/STATEMENTS (cont.)

The following chart shows the amounts previously adopted compared to the potential amount for the modernization base grants.

RS Means 15.80%

Grade Level	Regulation Section	Current Adjusted Grant Per Pupil Effective 1-1-21	Potential Grant Per Pupil Effective 1-1-22
Elementary	1859.78	\$4,808	\$5,568
Middle	1859.78	\$5,085	\$5,888
High	1859.78	\$6,658	\$7,710
Special Day Class – Severe	1859.78.3	\$15,325	\$17,746
Special Day Class – Non-Severe	1859.78.3	\$10,253	\$11,873

In addition, the CCI adjustment would increase the threshold amount for Government Code Section 66452.6(a)(2) for the period of one year commencing March 1, 2022. The following chart shows the amount previously adopted for 2021 compared to the resulting threshold amount, upon approval of the proposed 2022 CCI adjustment:

RS Means 15.80%

	Effective 3-1-2021	Potential 3-1-2022
Resulting Amount	\$317,941	\$368,176

RECOMMENDATION

Adopt the increase of 15.80 percent for the 2022 SFP grants based on the RS Means Construction Cost Index as shown in Attachment B.

AUTHORITY

For the New Construction grant, EC Section 17072.10(b) states, "The board annually shall adjust the per-unhoused- pupil apportionment to reflect construction cost changes, as set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction as determined by the board."

For Modernization funding, EC Section 17074.10(b) states, "The board shall annually adjust the factors set forth in subdivision (a) according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the board."

Government Code Section 66452.6 states:

(a)(1) An approved or conditionally approved tentative map shall expire 24 months after its approval or conditional approval, or after any additional period of time as may be prescribed by local ordinance, not to exceed an additional 12 months. However, if the subdivider is required to expend two hundred thirty-six thousand seven hundred ninety dollars (\$236,790) or more to construct, improve, or finance the construction or improvement of public improvements outside the property boundaries of the tentative map, excluding improvements of public rights-of-way which abut the boundary of the property to be subdivided and which are reasonably related to the development of that property, each filing of a final map authorized by Section 66456.1 shall extend the expiration of the approved or conditionally approved tentative map by 36 months from the date of its expiration, as provided in this section, or the date of the previously filed final map, whichever is later. The extensions shall not extend the tentative map more than 10 years from its approval or conditional approval.

. . .

(2) Commencing January 1, 2012, and each calendar year thereafter, the amount of two hundred thirty-six thousand seven hundred ninety dollars (\$236,790) shall be annually increased by operation of law according to the adjustment for inflation set forth in the statewide cost index for class B construction, as determined by the State Allocation Board at its January meeting. The effective date of each annual adjustment shall be March 1. The adjusted amount shall apply to tentative and vesting tentative maps whose applications were received after the effective date of the adjustment.

SFP Regulation Section 1859.71 states,

The new construction per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17072.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January. The base Class B Construction Cost Index shall be 1.30 and the first adjustment shall be January, 1999.

The new construction per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17072.10(a), may be increased by an additional amount not to exceed six percent in a fiscal year, or decreased, based on the analysis of the current cost to build schools as reported on the Project Information Worksheet (Revised 05/10) which shall be submitted with the Forms SAB 50-05 and 50-06 and as approved by the Board.

SFP Regulation Section 1859.2 Definitions states,

"Class B Construction Cost Index" is a construction factor index for structures made of reinforced concrete or steel frames, concrete floors, and roofs, and accepted and used by the Board.

SFP Regulation Section 1859.78 states, "The modernization per-unhoused-pupil grant amount, as provided by Education Code Section 17074.10(a), will be adjusted annually based on the change in the Class B Construction Cost Index as approved by the Board each January.

ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT TO SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM GRANTS

State Allocation Board Meeting, February 23, 2022 <u>Grant Amount Adjustments</u>

New Construction	SFP Regulation Section	Adjusted Grant Per Pupil Effective 1-1-21	Adjusted Grant Per Pupil Effective 1-1-22
Elementary	1859.71	\$12,628	\$14,623
Middle	1859.71	\$13,356	\$15,466
High	1859.71	\$16,994	\$19,679
Special Day Class – Severe	1859.71.1	\$35,484	\$41,090
Special Day Class – Non-Severe	1859.71.1	\$23,731	\$27,480
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Elementary	1859.71.2	\$15	\$17
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Middle	1859.71.2	\$20	\$23
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – High	1859.71.2	\$34	\$39
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Special Day Class – Severe	1859.71.2	\$63	\$73
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Special Day Class – Non-Severe	1859.71.2	\$45	\$52
Automatic Sprinkler System – Elementary	1859.71.2	\$212	\$245
Automatic Sprinkler System – Middle	1859.71.2	\$252	\$292
Automatic Sprinkler System – High	1859.71.2	\$262	\$303
Automatic Sprinkler System – Special Day Class – Severe	1859.71.2	\$668	\$774
Automatic Śprinkler System – Special Day Class – Non-Severe	1859.71.2	\$448	\$519

ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT TO SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM GRANTS

State Allocation Board Meeting, February 23, 2022 <u>Grant Amount Adjustments</u>

Modernization	SFP Regulation Section	Per Pupil	Adjusted Grant Per Pupil Effective 1-1-22
Elementary	1859.78	\$4,808	\$5,568
Middle	1859.78	\$5,085	\$5,888
High	1859.78	\$6,658	\$7,710
Special Day Class - Severe	1859.78.3	\$15,325	\$17,746
Special Day Class – Non- Severe	1859.78.3	\$10,253	\$11,873
State Special School – Severe	1859.78	\$25,543	\$29,579
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Elementary	1859.78.4	\$156	\$181
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Middle	1859.78.4	\$156	\$181
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – High	1859.78.4	\$156	\$181
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Special Day Class – Severe	1859.78.4	\$430	\$498
Automatic Fire Detection/Alarm System – Special Day Class – Non- Severe	1859.78.4	\$288	\$334
Over 50 Years Old – Elementary	1859.78.6	\$6,680	\$7,735
Over 50 Years Old – Middle	1859.78.6	\$7,065	\$8,181
Over 50 Years Old – High	1859.78.6	\$9,248	\$10,709
Over 50 Years Old – Special Day Class – Severe	1859.78.6	\$21,291	\$24,655
Over 50 Years Old – Special Day Class – Non-Severe	1859.78.6	\$14,237	\$16,486
Over 50 Years Old – State Special Day School – Severe	1859.78.6	\$35,483	\$41,089

ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT TO SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM GRANTS

State Allocation Board Meeting, February 23, 2022

<u>Grant Amount Adjustments</u>

New Construction / Modernization / Facility Hardship / Seismic Mitigation / Joint Use	SFP Regulation Section	Amount	Adjusted Grant Amount Effective 1-1-22
Therapy/Multipurpose Room/Other (per square foot)	1859.72 1859.73.2 1859.77.3 1859.82.1 1859.82.2 1859.125 1859.125.1	\$207	\$240
Toilet Facilities (per square foot)	1859.72 1859.73.2 1859.82.1 1859.82.2 1859.125 1859.125.1	\$371	\$430
Portable Therapy/Multipurpose Room/Other (per square foot)	1859.72 1859.73.2 1859.77.3 1859.82.1 1859.125 1859.125.1	\$47	\$54
Portable Toilet Facilities (per square foot)	1859.72 1859.73.2 1859.82.1 1859.125 1859.125.1	\$120	\$139

New Construction Only	SFP Regulation Section	Amount	Adjusted Grant Amount Effective 1-1-22
Parking Spaces (per stall)	1859.76	\$16,059	\$18,596
General Site Grant (per acre for additional acreage being acquired)	1859.76	\$20,554	\$23,801
Project Assistance (for school district with less than 2,500 pupils)	1859.73.1	\$7,723	\$8,943

ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT TO SCHOOL FACILITY PROGRAM GRANTS

State Allocation Board Meeting, February 23, 2022 Grant Amount Adjustments

Modernization Only	SFP Regulation Section	Amount	Adjusted Grant Amount Effective 1-1-22
Two-stop Elevator	1859.83	\$128,460	\$148,757
Each Additional Stop	1859.83	\$23,124	\$26,778
Project Assistance (for school district with less than 2,500 pupils)	1859.78.2	\$4,119	\$4,770

Facility Hardship / Rehabilitation	SFP Regulation Section	Amount	Adjusted Grant Amount Effective 1-1-22
Current Replacement Cost – Permanent Other (per square foot)	1859.2	\$412	\$477
Current Replacement Cost – Permanent Toilets (per square foot)	1859.2	\$742	\$859
Current Replacement Cost – Portable Other (per square foot)	1859.2	\$94	\$109
Current Replacement Cost – Portable Toilets (per square foot)	1859.2	\$241	\$279
Interim Housing – Financial Hardship (per classroom)	1859.81	\$42,342	\$49,032

Charter School Facilities Program – Preliminary Apportionment Amounts	SFP Regulation Section	Amount	Adjusted Grant Amount Effective 1-1-22
Charter School Elementary (per pupil)	1859.163.1	\$12,693	\$14,698
Charter School Middle (per pupil)	1859.163.1	\$13,438	\$15,561
Charter School High (per pupil)	1859.163.1	\$17,055	\$19,750
Charter School Special Day Class – Severe (per pupil)	1859.163.1	\$35,653	\$41,286
Charter School Special Day Class - Non-Severe (per pupil)	1859.163.1	\$23,843	\$27,610
Charter School Two-stop Elevator	1859.163.5	\$107,050	\$123,964
Charter School Each Additional Stop	1859.163.5	\$19,269	\$22,314

NEW SCHOOL ADJUSTMENTS (REGULATION SECTION 1859.83)

State Allocation Board Meeting, February 23, 2022

Classrooms in Project	Elementary School Adjusted Grant Effective 1-1-21	Elementary School Adjusted Grant Effective 1-1-22	Middle School Adjusted Grant Effective 1-1-21	Middle School Adjusted Grant Effective 1-1-22	High School Adjusted Grant Effective 1-1-21	High School Adjusted Grant Effective 1-1-22	Alternative Education New School Effective 1-1-21	Alternative Education New School Effective 1-1-22
1	\$342,561	\$396,686	\$1,443,039	\$1,671,039	\$3,138,719	\$3,634,637	\$930,697	\$1,077,747
2	\$807,160	\$934,691	\$1,618,603	\$1,874,342	\$3,265,038	\$3,780,914	\$1,129,167	\$1,307,575
3	\$1,211,811	\$1,403,277	\$1,798,448	\$2,082,603	\$4,035,802	\$4,673,459	\$1,973,925	\$2,285,805
4	\$1,535,104	\$1,777,650	\$1,995,420	\$2,310,696	\$4,720,926	\$5,466,832	\$2,220,761	\$2,571,641
5	\$1,802,730	\$2,087,561	\$2,200,958	\$2,548,709	\$5,198,369	\$6,019,711	\$2,467,598	\$2,857,478
6	\$2,185,968	\$2,531,351	\$2,408,636	\$2,789,200	\$5,675,815	\$6,572,594	\$2,714,434	\$3,143,315
7	\$2,573,493	\$2,980,105	\$2,616,313	\$3,029,690	\$6,153,260	\$7,125,475	\$2,961,272	\$3,429,153
8	\$2,871,094	\$3,324,727	\$2,843,261	\$3,292,496	\$6,521,513	\$7,551,912	\$3,220,442	\$3,729,272
9	\$2,871,094	\$3,324,727	\$3,083,053	\$3,570,175	\$6,816,973	\$7,894,055	\$3,488,089	\$4,039,207
10	\$3,376,370	\$3,909,836	\$3,324,987	\$3,850,335	\$7,110,290	\$8,233,716	\$3,755,736	\$4,349,142
11	\$3,376,370	\$3,909,836	\$3,566,921	\$4,130,495	\$7,405,751	\$8,575,860	\$4,794,340	\$5,551,846
12	\$3,554,075	\$4,115,619			\$7,675,517	\$8,888,249	\$5,061,988	\$5,861,782
13					\$7,941,003	\$9,195,681	\$5,329,635	\$6,171,717
14					\$8,206,488	\$9,503,113	\$5,597,282	\$6,481,653
15					\$8,474,114	\$9,813,024	\$5,864,931	\$6,791,590
16					\$8,739,599	\$10,120,456	\$6,132,577	\$7,101,524
17					\$9,007,225	\$10,430,367	\$6,400,225	\$7,411,461
18					\$9,272,711	\$10,737,799	\$6,667,872	\$7,721,396
19					\$9,538,196	\$11,045,231	\$6,935,520	\$8,031,332
20					\$9,805,822	\$11,355,142	\$7,203,168	\$8,341,269
21					\$10,071,306	\$11,662,572	\$7,471,009	\$8,651,428
22					\$10,336,791	\$11,970,004	\$7,738,656	\$8,961,364
23							\$8,006,305	\$9,271,301
24							\$8,273,951	\$9,581,235
25							\$8,541,599	\$9,891,172
26							\$8,809,248	\$10,201,109
27							\$9,076,894	\$10,511,043